FUNDAMENTALS OF HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

OSBERT SENANU AKPADE PRINCIPAL ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICER TEMA OIL REFINERY (TOR) LTD

INTRODUCTION

What Is HSE?

- HSE is concerned with protecting and preserving human,
 material and facility resources in the workplace.
- Practitioners in this field try to prevent needless deaths, injuries to workers and material loss.
- It involves more than first aid activities and is far reaching in both scope and practice.

Why HSE is so Important in the Oil & Gas Industry?

- This industry involves high risk activities including but not limited to exploration, production and processing of highly flammable and explosive substances.
- Massive manpower, heavy, complicated and expensive machinery including extensive support systems.
- High investment cost and long payback periods.

Why HSE is so Important in the Oil & Gas Industry Continued

- Strategic and vital industry which affects economies of nations
- Accident consequences could be catastrophic in terms of number of casualties, environmental pollution, lost of investment, and reputation damage
- Remote and harsh environment
- The need to meet both local and international regulatory requirements

Pictures of Some Serious Accidents in History



Pictures of Some Serious Accidents in History



PRODUCTS OF THE OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY

- Crude oil (from oil production)
- Gasoline (petrol)
- Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)
- Kerosene
- Gasoil (Diesel)
- Fuel oil

HAZARDS IN THE OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY

- A hazard is something that can cause harm or adverse effects such as to individuals as health effects, to the environment or to organizations as property or equipment damage.
- We shall look at them as;
 - Occupational health hazards
 - Safety hazards
 - Environmental hazards

Occupational Health Hazards

- Noise
- Naturally occurring radioactive materials
- Chemical agents e.g. H₂S
- Disease causing insects and animals
- Prolonged immobility in cramped conditions
- Organizational stress due to poor communication, inappropriate targets, insufficient manpower
- Exposure to violent, threatening or traumatic situations e.g. robbery, assault, explosion etc.

Safety Hazards

- Road traffic hazards (e.g. rollovers)
- Office trips, slips,
- Falling objects,
- Fire, flammable materials, electricity, welding
- Confined space works
- Lifting (cranes, backholes, forklifts and other earth moving equipment)

Environmental Hazards

- Flaring of gases (Greenhouse Effect)
- Oil discharge to sea (water pollution)
- Wastewater discharge
- Oil and Chemical spills
- Hazardous wastes (water and land contamination/pollution)
- Noise
- Odour
- vibration